

## Employee Assistance Office

The Division of Workers' Compensation, Employee Assistance Office (EAO), helps prevent and resolve disputes between injured workers, employers and carriers. If the insurance carrier does not provide benefits to which you believe you are entitled, you may call EAO's toll-free hotline at **1-800-342-1741**. EAO specialists are knowledgeable about the workers' compensation system. They will be able to address your concerns and attempt to prevent or resolve disputes. EAO has offices throughout the state that you can call or visit. You can find EAO statewide locations at [www.MyFloridaCFO.com/Division/WC/Employee/eao\\_offices.htm](http://www.MyFloridaCFO.com/Division/WC/Employee/eao_offices.htm).

## Services provided by EAO include:

- Educating and providing information to you about your claim.
- Assisting you in resolving disagreements regarding your claim, at no cost to you.
- Assisting you with understanding the procedures for filing a Petition for Benefits with a Judge of Compensation Claims.

Information regarding your rights and responsibilities under the Workers' Compensation Law is available in an on-line "Injured Worker Workshop" presentation on the Division's Web site at [www.MyFloridaCFO.com/Division/wc/Employee/education.htm](http://www.MyFloridaCFO.com/Division/wc/Employee/education.htm), and answers to frequently asked questions can be accessed at [www.MyFloridaCFO.com/Division/wc/Employee/faq.htm](http://www.MyFloridaCFO.com/Division/wc/Employee/faq.htm).

You may also submit specific questions relating to your claim to us at [wceao@MyFloridaCFO.com](mailto:wceao@MyFloridaCFO.com) and receive answers directly by e-mail.

## Statute of Limitations

Once you are injured at work or become aware of a workers' compensation injury or illness, you have 30 days in which to report your injury or illness to your employer. Failure to report your injury within 30 days may jeopardize your claim.

Generally, you have two years from the date of your injury or illness to file a claim for workers' compensation benefits. Failure to report your injury

or illness within 30 days may be used as a defense against your claim regardless of the two-year statute of limitations for filing a claim. Your eligibility for benefits may also be eliminated one year from the date you last received a wage replacement check or approved medical treatment.

## Denial of Benefits

If the insurance carrier does not provide benefits to which you believe you are entitled, or has denied your claim, contact the Employee Assistance Office (EAO). Although the EAO does not provide legal advice, our specialists will answer questions about your rights and responsibilities and may be able to resolve problems you're having with your workers' compensation claim. This help is **free** and available by contacting the EAO at **1-800-342-1741**.

## Petition for Benefits

To begin the judicial procedure for obtaining benefits that you believe are due and owing under the law and have not been provided by the employer or insurance carrier, a Petition for Benefits form must be filed with the Office of Judges of Compensation Claims. The form can be accessed at [www.jcc.state.fl.us/JCC/forms/](http://www.jcc.state.fl.us/JCC/forms/).

## Reemployment Services

If you are unable to perform the duties required for your former job as a result of your work-related injury or illness, you can contact the Employee Assistance Office (EAO) at [WCRES@MyFloridaCFO.com](mailto:WCRES@MyFloridaCFO.com) or call **1-800-342-1741** for free reemployment services.

## Legal Representation

You are not required to have an attorney. If you do hire an attorney to represent you with your workers' compensation claim, the fees and costs may come out of your benefits, unless your employer or workers' compensation carrier is held responsible for paying your attorney fees. Although the Division does not provide legal advice, the Division will answer questions about your rights and responsibilities and may be able to resolve problems you may have with your workers' compensation claim. This help is **free** and available by contacting the Employee Assistance Office at **1-800-342-1741**.

## Anti-Fraud Reward Program

Workers' compensation fraud occurs when any person knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any employer or employee, insurance carrier or self-insured program files false or misleading information. Workers' compensation fraud is a third-degree felony that can result in fines, civil liability and jail time. Rewards of up to \$25,000 may be paid to individuals who provide information that lead to the arrest and conviction of persons committing insurance fraud. To report suspected workers' compensation fraud, call **1-800-378-0445**.

## Disclaimer:

*This publication is being offered as an informational tool only and complies with s. 440.185 (4) F.S., with the understanding that this is not official language of the Florida Statutes. In no event will the Division of Workers' Compensation be liable for direct or consequential damages resulting from the use of this printed material.*

69L-3.0035, F.A.C. Injured Worker Informational Brochure  
Rule 69L-3.025, F.A.C. Forms  
DFS-F2-DWC-60  
Revised March 2010

# EMPLOYEE FACTS



# IMPORTANT WORKERS' COMPENSATION INFORMATION FOR FLORIDA'S WORKERS



**DIVISION OF  
WORKERS' COMPENSATION**

Florida Department of Financial Services

If you are injured as a result of a work-related accident, your employer's workers' compensation coverage may entitle you to medical and partial wage replacement benefits.

### Medical Benefits

As soon as your employer's workers' compensation insurance company has knowledge of your work-related injury and has determined that your injury or illness is covered under Florida law, the company will:

- Provide an authorized physician
- Pay for all authorized medically necessary care and treatment related to your injury or illness
- Provide a one-time change of physician within five business days of receipt of your written request

Authorized treatment and care may include:

- Doctor visits
- Hospitalization
- Prostheses
- Travel expenses to and from authorized medical treatment or a pharmacy.
- Physical therapy
- Medical tests
- Prescription drugs

Once you reach maximum medical improvement (MMI), you are required to pay a \$10 co-payment per visit for medical treatment. MMI occurs when the physician treating you determines that your injury or illness has healed to the extent that further improvement is not likely.

### Wage Replacement Benefits

If you are unable to work or your earnings are lower because of a work-related injury or illness, you may be able to receive some wage replacement benefits. You may be eligible for these benefits if you have been disabled for more than seven calendar days and are not able to perform your normal job duties as advised by your authorized doctor.

If you qualify, wage replacement benefits will begin on the eighth day of partial or total disability. You will not receive wage replacement benefits for the first seven days of disability, unless you are disabled for more than 21 days due to your work-related injury or illness.

In most cases, the wage replacement benefits will equal two-thirds of your pre-injury regular weekly wage, but the benefit will not be higher than Florida's average weekly wage. You can generally expect to receive your first benefit check within 21 days after the carrier becomes aware of your injury or illness and bi-weekly thereafter.

- Temporary Total Benefits: These benefits are provided as a result of an injury or illness that temporarily prevents you from returning to work, and you have not reached MMI.
- Temporary Partial Benefits: These benefits are provided when the doctor releases you to return to work with restrictions and you have not reached MMI and earn less than 80 percent of your pre-injury wage. **Note: The maximum length of time you can receive temporary total or partial benefits is 104 weeks or until the date of MMI is determined, whichever is earlier.**
- Permanent Impairment Benefits: These benefits are provided when the injury or illness causes any physical, psychological or functional loss and the impairment exists after the date of MMI. A doctor will assign a permanent impairment rating, expressed as a percentage of disability to the body as a whole.
- Permanent Total Benefits: These benefits are provided when the injury causes you to be permanently and totally disabled according to the conditions stated in the law.

- Death Benefits: Compensation for deaths resulting from workplace accidents include payment of funeral expenses and dependency benefits (subject to limits defined by law). A dependent spouse may also be eligible for job training benefits.

The rate, amount and duration of compensation for all wage replacement benefits are detailed in the workers' compensation law. **If you have questions about your benefits, call your claims adjuster or the Employee Assistance Office (EAO) at 1-800-342-1741.**

### Injured Worker Responsibilities

#### Communicate with the Employer:

- Contact your employer immediately to notify them of your on-the-job injury or illness.
- Provide your employer a copy of the Medical Treatment/Status Reporting form (DWC25) after each medical appointment.
- Return to work when you are released by your physician and when your employer offers a position within your physical limitations to avoid suspension of your lost wage benefits.

#### Communicate with the Carrier:

- Review the First Report of Injury or Illness (DWC1) form upon receipt and verify the accuracy of your address, phone number, social security number and the description of the accident. If there is information you do not agree with, or if information has been omitted, immediately notify your adjuster in writing.
- Review, sign and return the mandatory fraud statement to the insurance carrier. By signing this document, you are confirming your understanding of this important information. Your benefits shall be suspended if you refuse to sign this document.
- Report wages from all sources of employment to the carrier if you had more than one employer in the 13 weeks immediately preceding your date of accident. This will assist the carrier in determining the proper wage replacement amount.
- Keep your adjuster regularly informed on the status of your claim, medical authorization needs and any wages you have earned. (Note: If you are represented by an attorney, the adjuster may not be able to speak with you directly.)

- Notify the carrier of any change of address or telephone number.
- Complete and return forms to the carrier when asked.

#### Communicate with the Authorized Treating Physician:

- Identify all body parts that are, or potentially may, be injured, and be specific when identifying areas of pain.
- Keep your appointments.
- Clarify your work status during appointments before leaving the physician's office.
- Follow your doctor's treatment plan.
- Ask your physician for the patient copy of the Medical Treatment/Status Reporting form (DWC25).
- Notify your physician of any change of address or telephone number.
- Call the authorized treating physician's office if you need to see the doctor before your next appointment date. The doctor's staff may be able to place your name on a cancellation list and you may be scheduled for an earlier appointment should one become available. If an appointment is not available and you need to see a doctor immediately, please contact your adjuster or the EAO.

#### Carrier Responsibilities

- Timely provision of medical treatment
- Timely payment of wage replacement benefits
- Timely payment of medical bills
- Timely reporting of your claim information to the Division of Workers' Compensation
- Timely notification of any changes in the status of your claim. This information will be provided to you by mail on either a Notice of Action / Change form (DWC4) or a Notice of Denial form (DWC12).